Audited Financial Statements	
Hanley International Academy Hamtramck, Michigan	
June 30, 2022	

# **CONTENTS**

	<u>Page</u>
Independent Auditor's Report	i – iii
Management's Discussion and Analysis	iv - ix
Basic Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Position	1
Statement of Activities	2
Combined Balance Sheet – All Governmental Funds	3
Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balance to Net Position of Governmental Activities	4
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – All Governmental Funds	5
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	6
Notes to Financial Statements	7 - 19
Supplementary Information	
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund	20
Schedule of Revenues – General Fund	21
Schedule of Expenditures – General Fund	22 - 24

# CONTENTS - Continued

	<u>Page</u>
Appendix- Federal Awards Report	
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>	A-1 – A-2
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance For Each Major Program and On Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance	A-3 – A-5
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	A-6 – A-7
Reconciliation of Basic Financial Statements Federal Receivables and Revenue with Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	A-8
Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	A-9
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	A-10



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors of Hanley International Academy

#### **Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements**

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Hanley International Academy, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Hanley International Academy's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Hanley International Academy, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Hanley International Academy and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Adoption of New Accounting Standard**

As described in Note 11 to the financial statements, in 2022, the Academy adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Hanley International Academy's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Fax: 248.659.5305

Fax: 561.368.4641

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
  appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of
  Hanley International Academy's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Hanley International Academy's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

# **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information as detailed in the Table of Contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.



#### **Supplementary Information**

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Hanley International Academy's basic financial statements. The accompanying schedules of revenues and expenditures, and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedules of revenues and expenditures, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 28, 2022, on our consideration of Hanley International Academy's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Hanley International Academy's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Hanley International Academy's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Croskey Lanni, PC

Croskay Kansi; Pc

Rochester, Michigan October 28, 2022

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This section of Hanley International Academy's, annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the school's financial performance during the fiscal year that ended on June 30, 2022. Please read it in conjunction with the school's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

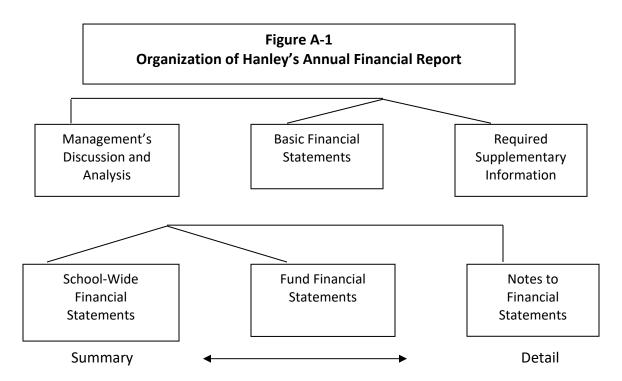
#### **FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS**

- ❖ The total cost of basic programs was \$3,048,150.
- General fund revenues were at \$8,907,541 while expenditures and other financing uses were \$8,805,702.
  - Blended enrollment used for state aid purposes was 668.35, up from previous year of 647.00 students.
- ❖ The school has a positive General Fund balance of \$2,199,739.

#### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This annual report consists of three parts – management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the school:

- The first two statements are school-wide financial statements that provide both short-term and long-term information about the school's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the school, reporting the school's operations in more detail.
- The governmental fund statements tell how basic services like regular and special education were financed.
- Fiduciary funds statements provide information about the financial relationships in which the school acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of others. These consist of student activity funds held by the school on behalf of the student group.



The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the financial statements with a comparison of the school's budget for the year. Figure A-1 shows how the various parts of this annual report are arranged and related to one another.

Figure A-2
Major Features of School-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

	School-Wide	
	Statements	Government Funds
Scope	Entire school (except fiduciary funds)	The activities of the school that are not proprietary or fiduciary, such as special education and building maintenance.
Required Financial	*Statement of net	*Balance sheet
Statements	position	*Statement of revenues, expenditures
	*Statement of activities	and changes in fund balances
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources
Type of asset/liability	All assets and liabilities both financial	Generally, assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due
information	and capital, short-term and long-term	during the year or soon thereafter, no capital assets or long-term liabilities included
Type of inflow/outflow	All revenues and expenses during year,	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the
information	regardless of when cash is received or	year, expenditures when goods or services have been received and the
	paid	related liability is due and payable

Figure A-2 summarizes the major features of the school's financial statements, including the portion of the school's activities they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis highlights the structure and contents of each of the statements.

#### **SCHOOL-WIDE STATEMENTS**

The school-wide statements report information about the school as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the school's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two school-wide statements report the school's net position and how they have changed. Net position – the difference between the school's assets and liabilities – are one way to measure the school's financial health or position.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the school's assets are an indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the overall health of the school, you need to consider additional non-financial factors such as changes in the school's enrollment and the condition of school buildings and other facilities.

# **FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the school's funds, focusing on its most significant or "major" funds — not the school as a whole. Funds are accounting devices the school uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs:

- Governmental activities Most of the school's basic services are included in the general fund, such as regular and special education and administration. State foundation aid finances most of these activities.
- The school establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes (like repaying its long-term debts) or to show that it is properly using certain revenues.

The school has these funds:

❖ Governmental funds — Most of the school's basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the school's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the school-wide statements, we provide additional information with governmental funds statements that explains the relationship (or differences) between them.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SCHOOL AS A WHOLE

The school's financial position is the product of many factors.

#### **School Governmental**

The stability of the school's finances is a result of the following measures:

❖ Many years of controlling spending to ensure that it aligns with revenues received from the State.

#### **General Fund Budgetary Analysis**

Over the course of the year, the school reviewed the annual operating budget monthly and amended the budget quarterly.

All invoices were paid in a timely matter.

#### **Financial Outlook**

Hanley International Academy's financial forecast continues to be optimistic heading into the 2020-2021 school year.

- The federal government made available grants of approximately \$1,567,161 to mitigate additional costs related to the coronavirus during the fiscal year 2021-2022. The budgeted federal grants related to COVID for fiscal year 2022-2023 is approximately \$2,328,629. The academy uses these grants to improve/expand facilities, HVAC systems, buy curriculum materials, bolster/rebalance teaching and support staff and improve social programs for our students
- ❖ Enrollment is anticipated to remain constant for the 2022-2023 school year. These students will be both on-site (96.5%) and virtual learners (3.5%).
- The Academy is using revenue increases from the state and federal government to improve facilities, provide new technology to enhance the students education and social programs.

Table A-3
Hanley International Academy's Net Position

	2022	2021 *		
Current and other assets	\$ 5,010,914	\$	3,627,500	
Capital assets	7,464,948		6,401,262	
Total assets	 12,475,862		10,028,762	
Long-term debt outstanding	6,793,337		7,033,026	
Other liabilities	2,657,359		1,464,622	
Total liabilities	 9,450,696		8,497,648	
Net position	\$ 3,025,166	\$	1,531,114	

<sup>\*</sup> The 2021 figures have not been updated for the adoption of GASB 87

Table A-4
Changes in Hanley International Academy's Net Position

Revenues:	:		 2021 *
Program revenues:			
Charges for services	\$	19,399	\$ 58
Federal and state operating grants		3,714,124	2,086,038
General revenues:			
State aid - unrestricted		5,855,935	5,329,290
Miscellaneous		21,190	128,164
Total revenues		9,610,648	 7,543,550
Expenses:			
Instruction		4,075,680	3,411,723
Support services		3,531,999	3,210,357
Unallocated depreciation / amortization		234,991	225,886
Interest on long-term debt		273,926	 466,046
Total expenses		8,116,596	 7,314,012
Increase(decrease) in net position	\$	1,494,052	\$ 229,538

<sup>\*</sup> The 2021 figures have not been updated for the adoption of GASB 87

# **CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION**

# **Capital Assets**

By the end of 2022, the school had invested \$10,574,370 in capital assets, including equipment and a building. See Table A-5 below for a listing of capital assets, and the accumulated depreciation/amortization.

Table A-5
Hanley International Academy's Capital Assets

	Balance June 30, 2022			Balance June 30, 2021 *		
	<u></u>	116 30, 2022	Juli	e 30, 2021 ·		
Land	\$	927,817	\$	927,817		
Construction in progress		1,154,600		-		
Right to use assets		42,671		-		
Building		7,124,252		7,045,876		
Equipment and furniture		644,692		641,262		
Computers		680,338		660,738		
Subtotal		10,574,370		9,275,693		
Less: accumulated depreciation / amortization	1	3,109,422		2,874,431		
Total net capital assets	\$	7,464,948	\$	6,401,262		

<sup>\*</sup> The 2021 figures have not been updated for the adoption of GASB 87

#### **Long-term Obligations**

As of the June 30, 2022 the Academy owed \$7,043,613 in long term debt. This was mostly comprised of a revenue bond for facilities. See Note 7 to the financial statements for more detail.

# **FACTORS BEARING ON THE SCHOOL'S FUTURE**

- Successful navigation of the current virtual learning environment.
- Maintenance of current enrollment and staffing levels.
- Aligning expenditures with available revenue sources.

# **CONTACTING THE SCHOOL'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT**

This financial report is designed to provide our students, parents and creditors with a general overview of the school's finances and to demonstrate the school's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, contact the management office at:

The Romine Group 7877 Stead, Utica, MI 48317 (586)731-5300

# STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2022

# **ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS**

Carrent Assets  Cash and cash equivalents Investments - restricted for debt service Ses5,495 Due from other governmental units Prepaid expenses Total current assets  Capital Assets - Net of Accumulated Depreciation / Amortization Total assets and deferred outflows  LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND NET POSITION  Current Liabilities  Accounts payable Accounts payable Substited of their governmental units Accounts payable Fundamental units Accounts payable Substited of Accumulated Pereciation / Amortization Total current General Units Accounts payable Accounts payable Substited of Substited Office of		
Investments - restricted for debt service Due from other governmental units 2,822,918 Prepaid expenses 12,999  Total current assets 5,010,914  Capital Assets - Net of Accumulated Depreciation / Amortization 7,464,948  Total assets and deferred outflows  LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND NET POSITION  Current Liabilities  Accounts payable Accounts payable Substited	Current Assets	
Due from other governmental units Prepaid expenses Total current assets 5,010,914  Capital Assets - Net of Accumulated Depreciation / Amortization Total assets and deferred outflows  LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND NET POSITION  LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND NET POSITION  Current Liabilities  Accounts payable Accounts payable Accounts povernmental units 485,175 Unearned revenue 70,532 Other accrued expenses 753,371 Long-term debt - current portion 250,276  Total current liabilities  Long-term Debt - Long-Term Portion 6,793,337  Net Position  Net investment in capital assets Restricted for debt service and lunch operations Unrestricted 12,2102,164	Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,309,507
Prepaid expenses  Total current assets  Solio,914  Capital Assets - Net of Accumulated Depreciation / Amortization  Total assets and deferred outflows  LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND NET POSITION  Current Liabilities  Accounts payable Accounts payable Due to other governmental units Aesonits Unearmed revenue Total assets Other accrued expenses Other accrued expenses Total current liabilities  Long-term debt - current portion Total current liabilities  Long-term Debt - Long-Term Portion  Net Position  Net investment in capital assets Restricted for debt service and lunch operations Unrestricted  Accounts payable \$ 1,098,005  485,175  485,175  1098,005  109		•
Total current assets  Capital Assets - Net of Accumulated Depreciation / Amortization  Total assets and deferred outflows  Current Liabilities  LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND NET POSITION  Current Liabilities  Accounts payable Due to other governmental units 485,175 Unearned revenue 70,532 Other accrued expenses 753,371 Long-term debt - current portion 250,276  Total current liabilities  Long-Term Debt - Long-Term Portion  Net Position  Net investment in capital assets Restricted for debt service and lunch operations Unrestricted  5,010,914  7,464,948	•	
Total assets and deferred outflows \$ 12,475,862  LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND NET POSITION  Current Liabilities  Accounts payable \$ 1,098,005	Prepaid expenses	 12,994
Total assets and deferred outflows  LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND NET POSITION  Current Liabilities  Accounts payable \$ 1,098,005 Due to other governmental units 485,175 Unearned revenue 70,532 Other accrued expenses 753,371 Long-term debt - current portion 250,276  Total current liabilities 2,657,359  Long-Term Debt - Long-Term Portion 6,793,337  Net Position  Net investment in capital assets 421,335 Restricted for debt service and lunch operations 501,667 Unrestricted 5,2102,164	Total current assets	5,010,914
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND NET POSITION  Current Liabilities  Accounts payable \$ 1,098,005 Due to other governmental units 485,175 Unearned revenue 70,532 Other accrued expenses 753,371 Long-term debt - current portion 250,276  Total current liabilities 2,657,359  Long-Term Debt - Long-Term Portion 6,793,337  Net Position  Net investment in capital assets 421,335 Restricted for debt service and lunch operations 501,667 Unrestricted 2,102,164	Capital Assets - Net of Accumulated Depreciation / Amortization	 7,464,948
Current LiabilitiesAccounts payable\$ 1,098,005Due to other governmental units485,175Unearned revenue70,532Other accrued expenses753,371Long-term debt - current portion250,276Total current liabilities2,657,359Long-Term Debt - Long-Term Portion6,793,337Net Position421,335Restricted for debt service and lunch operations501,667Unrestricted2,102,164	Total assets and deferred outflows	\$ 12,475,862
Current LiabilitiesAccounts payable\$ 1,098,005Due to other governmental units485,175Unearned revenue70,532Other accrued expenses753,371Long-term debt - current portion250,276Total current liabilities2,657,359Long-Term Debt - Long-Term Portion6,793,337Net Position421,335Restricted for debt service and lunch operations501,667Unrestricted2,102,164		
Accounts payable \$ 1,098,005 Due to other governmental units 485,175 Unearned revenue 70,532 Other accrued expenses 753,371 Long-term debt - current portion 250,276  Total current liabilities 2,657,359  Long-Term Debt - Long-Term Portion 6,793,337  Net Position  Net investment in capital assets 421,335 Restricted for debt service and lunch operations 501,667 Unrestricted 2,102,164	LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND NET POSITION	
Due to other governmental units485,175Unearned revenue70,532Other accrued expenses753,371Long-term debt - current portion250,276Total current liabilities2,657,359Long-Term Debt - Long-Term Portion6,793,337Net Position421,335Restricted for debt service and lunch operations501,667Unrestricted2,102,164	Current Liabilities	
Unearned revenue70,532Other accrued expenses753,371Long-term debt - current portion250,276Total current liabilities2,657,359Long-Term Debt - Long-Term Portion6,793,337Net Position421,335Net investment in capital assets421,335Restricted for debt service and lunch operations501,667Unrestricted2,102,164	Accounts payable	\$ 1,098,005
Other accrued expenses 753,371 Long-term debt - current portion 250,276  Total current liabilities 2,657,359  Long-Term Debt - Long-Term Portion 6,793,337  Net Position  Net investment in capital assets Restricted for debt service and lunch operations Unrestricted 2,102,164	Due to other governmental units	485,175
Long-term debt - current portion 250,276  Total current liabilities 2,657,359  Long-Term Debt - Long-Term Portion 6,793,337  Net Position  Net investment in capital assets Restricted for debt service and lunch operations Unrestricted 2,102,164		•
Total current liabilities 2,657,359  Long-Term Debt - Long-Term Portion 6,793,337  Net Position  Net investment in capital assets Restricted for debt service and lunch operations Unrestricted 501,667 2,102,164	·	•
Long-Term Debt - Long-Term Portion6,793,337Net Position421,335Net investment in capital assets421,335Restricted for debt service and lunch operations501,667Unrestricted2,102,164	Long-term debt - current portion	 250,276
Net Position421,335Net investment in capital assets421,335Restricted for debt service and lunch operations501,667Unrestricted2,102,164	Total current liabilities	2,657,359
Net investment in capital assets421,335Restricted for debt service and lunch operations501,667Unrestricted2,102,164	Long-Term Debt - Long-Term Portion	6,793,337
Restricted for debt service and lunch operations 501,667 Unrestricted 2,102,164	Net Position	
Unrestricted <u>2,102,164</u>	Net investment in capital assets	421,335
	Restricted for debt service and lunch operations	501,667
Total net position 3.025.166	Unrestricted	 2,102,164
	Total net position	 3,025,166

Total liabilities, deferred inflows and net position

\$ 12,475,862

# STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

			Program Revenues					t (Expense) venues and hanges in Position overnment
	Charges for Operating Expenses Services Grants						Type Activities	
Functions								
Instruction								
Basic programs	\$	3,048,150	\$	9,660	\$	595,897	\$	(2,442,593)
Added needs	•	1,027,530		, -	·	998,688	•	(28,842)
Support services		, ,				,		, , ,
Pupil support services		170,861		-		17,000		(153,861)
Instructional staff support services		105,764		-		65,963		(39,801)
General administration		891,857		-		-		(891,857)
School administration		779,917		-		-		(779,917)
Business support services		9,193		-		-		(9,193)
Operations and maintenance		606,371		-		43,245		(563,126)
Pupil transportation services		229,473		-		11,531		(217,942)
Central support services		108,324		-		99,519		(8,805)
Student activities		53,663		9,695		23,760		(20,208)
Athletic activities		32,139		-		-		(32,139)
Food services		544,112		44		703,921		159,853
Community services		325		-		-		(325)
Site improvement services		-				1,154,600		1,154,600
Unallocated depreciation / amortization		234,991		-		-		(234,991)
Unallocated interest		273,926						(273,926)
Total primary government	\$	8,116,596	\$	19,399	\$	3,714,124		(4,383,073)
General Purpose Revenues								
State school aid - unrestricted								5,855,935
Miscellaneous revenues								21,190
wiscentaneous revenues								21,130
Total general purpose revenues								5,877,125
Change in net position								1,494,052
Net position - July 1, 2021								1,531,114
Net position - June 30, 2022							\$	3,025,166

# COMBINED BALANCE SHEET – ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

# **ASSETS**

				Debt		on-Major al Revenue -		
	General			Service		Food Services		Total
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,309,507	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,309,507
Investments		37,506		827,989		-		865,495
Due from other governmental units		2,822,918		-		-		2,822,918
Due from other funds		-		-		158,853		158,853
Prepaid expenses		12,994		-		-		12,994
Total assets	\$	4,182,925	\$	827,989	\$	158,853	\$	5,169,767
	LIABI	LITIES AND FL	JND BA	ALANCE				
Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$	1,098,005	\$	_	\$	_	\$	1,098,005
Due to other governmental units	•	-	•	485,175	•	-	•	485,175
Due to other funds		158,853		-		_		158,853
Unearned revenue		70,532		-		-		70,532
Other accrued expenses		655,796		-				655,796
Total liabilities		1,983,186		485,175		-		2,468,361
Fund Balance								
Nonspendable		12,994		-		-		12,994
Restricted		37,506		342,814		158,853		539,173
Unassigned		2,149,239		-		_		2,149,239
Total fund balance		2,199,739		342,814		158,853		2,701,406
Total liabilities								
and fund balance	\$	4,182,925	\$	827,989	\$	158,853	\$	5,169,767

# RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2022

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Total Governmental Fund Balances	\$ 2,701,406
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. The cost of the assets is \$10,574,370 and accumulated depreciation / amortization is \$3,109,422.	7,464,948
Interest is not payable until due in governmental activities and, therefore, is not recorded in the funds.	(97,575)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	(7,043,613)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 3,025,166

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	General		Debt Il Service			on-Major al Revenue - od Service		Total
Revenues								
Local sources	\$	40,403	\$	142	\$	44	\$	40,589
State sources		6,643,113		-		10,568		6,653,681
Federal sources		2,207,584		-		692,353		2,899,937
Interdistrict sources		16,441						16,441
Total governmental fund revenues		8,907,541		142		702,965		9,610,648
Expenditures								
Instruction								
Basic programs		3,048,150		-		-		3,048,150
Added needs		1,027,530		-		-		1,027,530
Support services								
Pupil support services		170,861		-		-		170,861
Instructional staff support services		105,764		-		-		105,764
General administration		891,857		-		_		891,857
School administration		779,917		-		-		779,917
Business support services		3,627		5,566		_		9,193
Operations and maintenance		606,371		-		_		606,371
Pupil transportation services		229,473		_		-		229,473
Central support services		108,324		-		_		108,324
Student activities		53,663		_		-		53,663
Athletic activities		32,139		_		_		32,139
Food services		-		_		544,112		544,112
Community services		325		_		-		325
Capital outlay		1,256,006		_		_		1,256,006
Debt principal and interest		11,116		299,230		_		310,346
Total governmental fund expenditures		8,325,123		304,796		544,112		9,174,031
						,	,	,
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over		E02 410		(204 (54)		150 052		426 617
expenditures		582,418		(304,654)		158,853		436,617
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Operating transfers in		-		480,579		-		480,579
Operating transfers out		(480,579)						(480,579)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(480,579)		480,579				
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
and other financing sources		101 020		175.025		150.053		426.647
over expenditures and other uses		101,839		175,925		158,853		436,617
Fund balance - July 1, 2021		2,097,900		166,889		-		2,264,789
Fund balance - June 30, 2022	\$	2,199,739	\$	342,814	\$	158,853	\$	2,701,406

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

#### **Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds**

\$ 436,617

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, assets are capitalized and the cost is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation and amortization expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation and amortization in the current period

Capital outlay \$ 1,256,006 Depreciation and amortization expense (234,991)

1,021,015

The governmental funds report loan proceeds as an other financing source, while repayment of loan principal is reported as an expenditure. Interest is recognized as an expenditure in the governmental funds when it is due. The net effect of these differences in the treatment of general loan obligations is as follows:

Repayment of loan principal \$ 9,972 Interest expense \$ 26,448

36.420

**Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities** 

\$ 1,494,052

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of Hanley International Academy (the "Academy") conform to generally accepted accounting principles applicable to public school academies. The following is a summary of the significant accounting policies:

#### **Reporting Entity**

Hanley International Academy was formed as a public school academy pursuant to the Michigan School Code of 1976, as amended by Act No. 362 of the Public Acts of 1993 and Act No. 416 of the Public Acts of 1994. The Academy filed articles of incorporation as a nonprofit corporation pursuant to the provisions of the Michigan Nonprofit Corporation Act of 1982, as amended, and began operation in May 2005.

In June 2019, the Academy entered into a seven-year contract, expiring June 30, 2026, with Grand Valley State University's Board of Control to charter a public school academy. The contract requires the Academy to act exclusively as a governmental agency and not undertake any action inconsistent with its status as an entity authorized to receive state school aid funds pursuant to the State constitution. The University's Board of Control is the fiscal agent for the Academy and is responsible for overseeing the Academy's compliance with the contract and all applicable laws. The Academy pays Grand Valley State University's Board of Control three percent of state aid as administrative fees. Total administrative fees paid for the year ended June 30, 2022 were approximately \$173,500.

In June 2019, the Academy entered into a seven-year agreement with The Romine Group, Inc. Under the terms of this agreement, The Romine Group, Inc. provides a variety of services including financial management, educational programs and consulting, as well as teacher training. The Academy is obligated to pay The Romine Group, Inc. ten percent of its state school aid revenue and all other governmental revenue sources. The total paid for these services amounted to approximately \$677,300 for the year ended June 30, 2022.

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in accordance with criteria established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board for determining the various governmental organizations to be included in the reporting entity. These criteria include significant operational or financial relationships with the public school academy. Based on application of criteria, the Academy does not contain component units.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

Fund financial statements report detailed information about the Academy. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

#### **Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting**

The accounts of the Academy are organized on the basis of funds. The operations of a fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund balance, revenue and expenditures. Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based on the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. The various funds are grouped, in the combined financial statements in this report, into generic fund types in two broad fund categories.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

#### **Governmental Funds**

A governmental fund is a fund through which most Academy functions typically are financed. The acquisition, use and balances of the Academy's expendable financial resources and the related current liabilities are accounted for through a governmental fund.

**General Fund** - The general fund is used to record the general operations of the Academy pertaining to education and those operations not provided for in other funds. Included are all transactions related to the approved current operating budget.

**Special Revenue Fund (Food Service)**- The special revenue fund, which the Academy does not currently maintain, is used to account for the food service program operations. The special revenue fund is a subsidiary operation and is an obligation of the general fund. Therefore, any shortfall in the special revenue fund will be covered by an operating transfer from the general fund. The special revenue fund does not maintain its own assets and liabilities; accordingly, no balance sheet is presented for this fund.

**Debt Service Fund** - The debt service fund is used to record certain revenue and the payment of interest, principal and other expenditures on long-term debt.

**Capital Projects Fund** - The capital projects fund, which the Academy does not currently maintain, accounts for financial resources to be used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of capital facilities.

Governmental and agency funds utilize the modified accrual basis of accounting. Modifications in such method from the accrual basis are as follows:

- a. Revenue that is both measurable and available for use to finance operations is recorded as revenue when earned. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Academy considers revenues to be available if they are collected within sixty days of the end of the current fiscal period.
- b. Payments for inventoriable types of supplies, which are not significant at year end, are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase.
- c. Principal and interest of general long-term debt are not recorded as expenditures until their due dates.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

d. The State of Michigan utilizes a foundation allowance funding approach, which provides for a specific annual amount of revenue per student based on a state-wide formula. The foundation allowance is funded from a combination of state and local sources. Revenue from state sources is primarily governed by the School Aid Act and the School Code of Michigan. The state portion of the foundation is provided from the State's School Aid Fund and is recognized as revenue in accordance with state law. A major portion of the Academy's revenue is derived from this state aid. As such, the Academy is considered to be economically dependent on this aid. The Academy's existence is dependent upon qualification for such aid.

#### **Government-Wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements (i.e. the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government. The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This approach differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Therefore, governmental fund financial statements include reconciliations with brief explanations to better identify the relationships between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The government-wide Statement of Activities presents a comparison between expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the Academy and for each governmental program. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. The Academy does not allocate indirect expenses to programs. In creating the government-wide financial statements the Academy has eliminated inter-fund transactions. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of the goods or services offered by the programs and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues. The comparison of program revenues and expenses identifies the extent to which each program or function is self financing or draws from the general revenues of the Academy. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Academy's policy to use restricted resources first.

Net position should be reported as restricted when constraints placed on net position's use is either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The Academy first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities.

#### **Cash and Cash Equivalents**

The Academy's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. The Academy reports its investments in accordance with GASB Statement No. 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools and GASB No. 40, Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures. Under these standards, certain

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

investments are valued at fair value as determined by quoted market prices or by estimated fair values when quoted market prices are not available. The standards also provide that certain investments are valued at cost (or amortized cost) when they are of a short-term duration, the rate of return is fixed, and the Academy intends to hold the investment until maturity. The Academy held investments in mutual funds that invest solely in U.S. Treasury obligations. The funds are held in trust for debt service and capital projects. State statutes authorize the Academy to invest in bonds and other direct and certain indirect obligations of the U.S. Treasury; certificates of deposit, saving accounts, deposit accounts, and or depository receipts of a bank, savings and loan association, or credit union, which is a member of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, Federal Savings and Loan Corporation or National Credit Union Administration, respectively; in commercial paper rated at the time of purchase within the three highest classifications established by not less than two standard rating services and which matures not more than 270 days after the date of purchase. The Academy is also authorized to invest in U.S. Government or Federal agency obligation repurchase agreements, bankers' acceptances of U.S. banks, and mutual funds composed of investments as outlined above.

#### **Receivables**

Receivables at June 30, 2022 consist primarily of state school aid due from the State of Michigan and the federal government. All receivables are expected to be fully collected in July and August of 2022 and are considered current for the purposes of these financial statements.

#### Prepaid Assets

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2022, are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of the purchase and an expenditure is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

#### **Capital Assets and Depreciation**

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions or retirements during the year. The Academy follows the policy of not capitalizing assets with a useful life of less than one year. The Academy does not possess any infrastructure assets.

All reported capital assets, with the exception of land, are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Right to use assets of the Academy are amortized using the straight-line method over the shorter of the lease period or the estimated useful lives. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Building and improvements10-50 yearsFurniture and equipment5-15 yearsComputers and software3-10 years

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

#### **Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations**

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements. In general, payables and accrued liabilities that will be paid from governmental funds are reported on the governmental fund financial statements regardless of whether they will be liquidated with current resources. However, the non-current portion of capital leases that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they will be paid with current, expendable, available financial resources. In general, payments made within sixty days after year-end are considered to have been made with current available financial resources. Other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are not recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements until due.

#### **Net Position**

Net position represents the difference between assets, deferred outflows and liabilities, and deferred inflows. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the Academy or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws of regulations of other governments.

#### **Fund Equity**

The Academy has adopted GASB 54 as part of its fiscal year reporting. The intention of the GASB is to provide a more structured classification of fund balance and to improve the usefulness of fund balance reporting to the users of the Academy's financial statements. The reporting standard establishes a hierarchy for fund balance classifications and the constraints imposed on those resources.

GASB 54 provides for two major types of fund balances, which are nonspendable and spendable. Nonspendable fund balances are balances that cannot be spent because they are not expected to be converted to cash or they are legally or contractually required to remain intact. This category typically includes prepaid items and inventories.

In addition to nonspendable fund balance, GASB 54 has provided a hierarchy of spendable fund balances, based on a hierarchy of spending constraints.

- a. Restricted fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation.
- b. Committed fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by the Board; to be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board takes action to remove or change the constraint.
- c. Assigned fund balance amounts the Board intends to use for a specific purpose; intent can be expressed by the Board or by an official or committee to which the Board delegates the authority.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

d. *Unassigned fund balance* – amounts that are available for any purpose; these amounts are reported only in the general fund.

The Academy follows the policy that restricted, committed, or assigned amounts will be considered to have been spent when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both unassigned and restricted, committed, or assigned fund balances are available. There are no governmental funds with a deficit.

#### Leases

At the commencement of a lease, the Academy initially measures the lease liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made. The lease asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the lease asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life.

Key estimates and judgements related to leases include how the Academy determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease payments to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease payments.

- The Academy uses the interest rate charged by the lessor as the discount rate. When the interest rate charged by the lessor is not provided, the Academy generally uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.
- The lease term includes the noncancelable period of the lease. Lease payments included in the measurement of
  the lease liability are composed of fixed payments and purchase option price that the Academy is reasonably
  certain to exercise.

The Academy monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease and will remeasure the lease asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease liability.

Lease assets are reported with other capital assets and lease liabilities are reported with long-term obligations on the statement of net position.

#### **Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

#### **Upcoming Accounting Pronouncements**

In May 2020, the GASB issued Statement No. 96, Subscription-based Information Technology Arrangements. This Statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users (governments). This Statement (1) defines a SBITA; (2) establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset - an intangible asset - and a corresponding subscription liability; (3) provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA; and (4) requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA. To the extent relevant, the standards for SBITAs are based on the standards established in Statement No. 87, Leases, as amended. The Academy is currently evaluating the impact this standard will have on the financial statements when adopted during the 2022-2023 fiscal year.

#### **NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY**

Annual budgets are adopted on a consistent basis with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and state law for the general fund. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end and encumbrances are not formally recorded.

The budget document presents information by fund and function. The legal level of budgetary control adopted by the governing body is the function level. State law requires the Academy to have its budget in place by July 1. Expenditures in excess of amounts budgeted is a violation of Michigan Law. The Academy is required by law to adopt a general fund budget. During the year ended June 30, 2022 the budget was amended in a legally permissible manner. A comparison of actual expenditures against amounts appropriated can be found on page 20 of these financial statements.

#### **NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS**

As of June 30, 2022, the Academy had the following investments:

Туре	S&P Rating	Maturities	<u>Car</u>	rying Value
Deposits: Demand deposits			\$	1,309,507
Investments: U.S. Treasury and agency obligations	AAAm	Various		865,495
Total deposits and investments			\$	2,175,002

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

#### NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - Continued

The above amounts are reported in the financial statements as follows:

_		٠.
1)6	pos	ıtc.
$\mathcal{L}$	PUJ	ıcs.

Cash - General fund	\$ 1,309,507
Investments:	
Investments - General fund	37,506
Investments - Debt service fund	 827,989
Total investments	865,495
Total deposits and investments	\$ 2,175,002

Cash is split between unrestricted and restricted amounts. General Fund and Debt Service Fund investments are restricted for use in servicing debt obligations.

# **Interest Rate Risk**

In accordance with its investment policy, the Academy will minimize interest rate risk, which is the risk that the market value of securities in the portfolio will fall due to changes in market interest rates, by; structuring the investment portfolio so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations, thereby avoiding the need to sell securities in the open market; and, investing operating funds primarily in shorter-term securities, liquid asset funds, money market mutual funds, or similar investment pools and limiting the average maturity in accordance with the Academy's cash requirements.

#### **Credit Risk**

State law limits investments in commercial paper and corporate bonds to a prime or better rating issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations (NRSROs). As of June 30, 2022, the Academy's investments were rated AAA by Standards & Poor's and Aaa by Moody's Investors Service.

#### **Concentration of Credit Risk**

The Academy will minimize concentration of credit risk, which is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the Academy's investment in a single issuer, by diversifying the investment portfolio so that the impact of potential losses from any one type of security or issuer will be minimized. More than 5% of the Academy's investments are in pooled investment accounts which represents 100% of the Academy's total investments.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

#### NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - Continued

#### **Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits**

In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Academy's deposits may not be returned to it. As of June 30, 2022, \$1,060,998 of the Academy's cash was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured. All cash balances were uncollateralized as of June 30, 2022.

For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Academy will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

The Academy will minimize custodial credit risk, which is the risk of loss due to the failure of the security issuer or backer, by; limiting investments to the types of securities allowed by law; and pre-qualifying the financial institutions, broker/dealers, intermediaries and advisors with which the Academy will do business.

#### **Foreign Currency Risk**

The Academy is not authorized to invest in investments which have this type of risk.

#### **Fair Value**

Generally accepted accounting principles define fair value, establish a framework for measuring fair value, and establish a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. A fair value measurement assumes that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability occurs in the principal market for the asset or liability or, in the absence of a principal market, the most advantageous market. Valuation techniques that are consistent with the market, income or cost approach are used to measure fair value.

The fair value hierarchy prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value into three broad levels:

- a. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities the Academy has the ability to access.
- b. Level 2 inputs are inputs (other than quoted prices included within Level 1) that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.
- c. Level 3 are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability and rely on management's own assumptions about the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability. (The observable inputs should be developed based on the best information available in the circumstances and may include the Academy's own data.)

The Academy does not have any investments that are subject to the fair value measurement.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

# NOTE 4 – DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTAL UNITS

Amounts due from other governmental units consist of the following:

State sources	\$ 1,216,658
Federal sources	 1,606,260
Total	\$ 2,822,918

# **NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS**

Capital asset activity of the Academy's governmental activities was as follows:

	Restated Balance Ily 1, 2021	Additions		Additions		Disposals		Balance ne 30, 2022
Capital assets not subject to depreciation								
/ amortization								
Land	\$ 927,817	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 927,817		
Construction in process	 -		1,154,600		-	 1,154,600		
Sub-total	927,817		1,154,600		-	2,082,417		
Capital assets subject to depreciation								
/ amortization								
Right to use - assets	42,671					42,671		
Building	7,045,876		78,376		-	7,124,252		
Equipment	188,801		-		-	188,801		
Furniture	452,461		3,430		-	455,891		
Computer	 660,738		19,600			 680,338		
Total asset cost basis	9,318,364		1,256,006		-	10,574,370		
Accumulated depreciation / amortization								
Right to use - assets	-		10,450			10,450		
Building	1,729,151		178,759		-	1,907,910		
Equipment	153,981		3,105		-	157,086		
Furniture	424,730		13,378		-	438,108		
Computer	 566,569		29,299			 595,868		
Sub-total	 2,874,431		234,991			 3,109,422		
Total net capital assets	\$ 6,443,933	\$	1,021,015	\$	-	\$ 7,464,948		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

#### NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS - Continued

Depreciation and amortization expense was not charged to activities as the Academy considers its assets to impact multiple activities and allocation is not practical.

# **NOTE 6 – OTHER ACCRUED EXPENSES**

Other accrued expenses can be summarized as follows:

	Net	Position	 Funds
Purchased services - payroll and benefits	\$	424,538	\$ 424,538
Management fee		161,559	161,559
University oversight fee		31,567	31,567
Other accrued expenses		38,132	38,132
Interest		97,575	 
Total other accrued expenses	\$	753,371	\$ 655,796

# **NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS PAYABLE**

The following is a summary of long-term obligations for the Academy during the year ended June 30, 2022:

# **Loan Information**

	Interest Rate	Maturity Date		Other		
Direct borrowing - copier	3.00%	July, 2025	Monthly payments of \$926			
Revenue bond	3.5% - 6.5%	September, 2040	Payments of interest twice yearly and one ann payment of principal. Secured by facility and pledge for 20% of state school aid funding.			
<u>Loan Activity</u>	As Restated					
	Balance July 1, 2021	Additions	Retirements and Payments	Balance June 30, 2022	Due Within One Year	
Revenue bond	\$ 6,600,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,600,000	\$ 240,000	
Direct borrowing - copier	42,671		9,972	32,699	10,276	
	\$ 6,642,671	\$ -	\$ 9,972	6,632,699	\$ 250,276	
Plus unamortized bond pre	mium			410,914		
				\$ 7,043,613		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

#### NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS PAYABLE - Continued

Following are maturities of long-term obligations for principal and interest for the next five years and in total:

	P	rincipal	 nterest
2023	\$	250,276	\$ 289,365
2024		260,588	280,478
2025		265,910	271,319
2026		265,925	262,015
2027		275,000	252,563
2028 - 2032		1,525,000	1,106,375
2033 - 2037		1,900,000	719,000
2038 - 2041		1,890,000	194,500

# **NOTE 8 - RETIREMENT PLAN**

All leased employees of the Academy are eligible to participate in a retirement plan established by the Academy's management company (the employer) which qualifies under the provisions of Section 401(k) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Academy, under this plan, will reimburse the employer's contribution of 4% of salaries regardless of the amount the employee contributes. The Academy will additionally reimburse the employer's match up to 4% of employee contributed funds. Eligible employees may contribute up to 15% of their salaries under the terms of this plan.

#### **NOTE 9 - INTERFUND TRANSFERS**

During the normal course of the school year the Academy transferred amounts between its major funds as follows:

	Ger	neral	Deb	ot Service
Transfer In	\$	-	\$	480,579
Transfer Out		480,579		-

As stipulated by the Academy's revenue bond agreement as described in Note 7, the Academy must transfer 20% of its state aid to a trustee. The trustee retains the required portion for debt service and returns the remainder to the Academy.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

#### **NOTE 10 - RISK MANAGEMENT**

The Academy is exposed to various risks of loss related to property loss, torts, errors and omissions and employee injuries (worker's compensation), as well as medical benefits provided to employees. The Academy has purchased commercial insurance for all claims. Settled claims relating to the commercial insurance have not exceeded the amount of insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

#### NOTE 11 - CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE

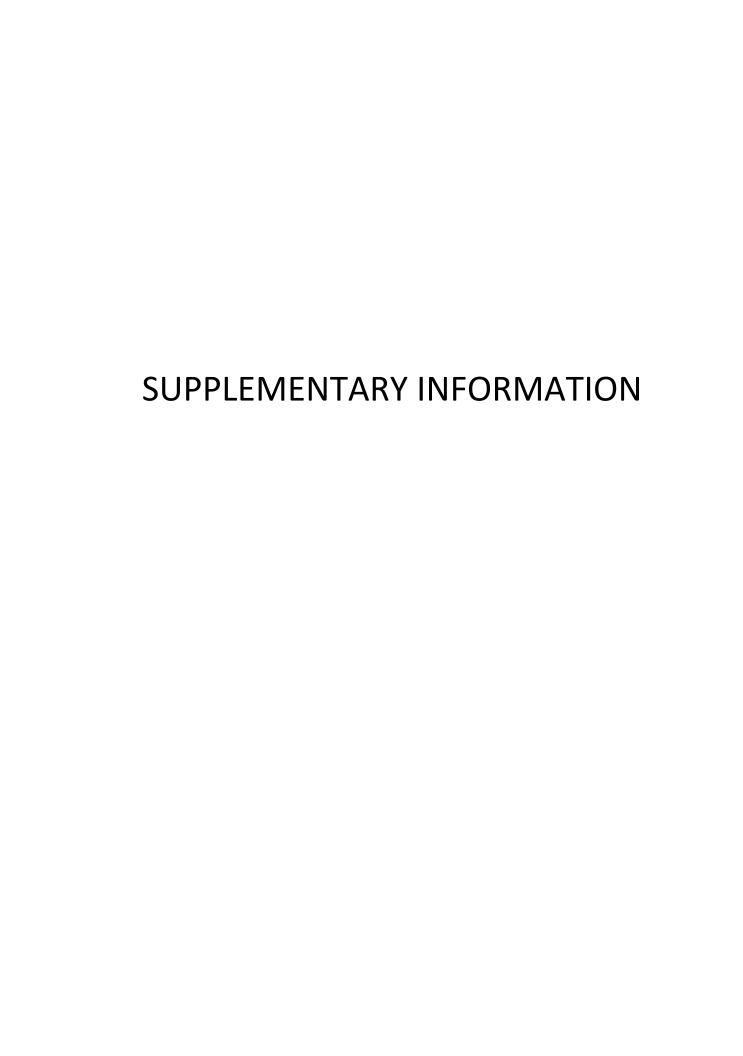
For the year ended June 30, 2022, the Academy implemented the following new pronouncement: GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*.

#### Summary

Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 87, Leases, was issued by the GASB in June 2017. The objective of this Statement is to increase the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use the underlying asset. Under this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities.

The restatement of the beginning of the year balances had no impact on net position. The changes to capital assets and long-term obligations is as follows:

	Ca <sub>l</sub>	pital Assets	ong Term bligations
Balances as of July 1, 2021, as previously stated	\$	6,401,262	\$ 6,600,000
Adoption of GASB Statement 87		42,671	 42,671
Balances as of July 1, 2021, as restated	\$	6,443,933	\$ 6,642,671



# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE – GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance
Revenues				
Local sources	\$ 96,516	\$ 55,780	\$ 40,403	\$ (15,377)
State sources	6,230,043	6,697,641	6,643,113	(54,528)
Federal sources	4,631,891	4,894,941	2,207,584	(2,687,357)
Interdistrict sources		15,352	16,441	1,089
Total general fund revenues	10,958,450	11,663,714	8,907,541	(2,756,173)
Expenditures				
Instruction				
Basic programs	2,901,425	3,122,977	3,048,150	(74,827)
Added needs	1,075,002	1,500,628	1,027,530	(473,098)
Support services				
Pupil support services	120,517	195,789	170,861	(24,928)
Instructional staff support services	73,054	106,825	105,764	(1,061)
General administration	823,076	903,146	891,857	(11,289)
School administration	751,154	806,175	779,917	(26,258)
Business support services	4,500	3,692	3,627	(65)
Operations and maintenance	4,315,497	751,221	606,371	(144,850)
Pupil transportation services	222,500	233,500	229,473	(4,027)
Central support services	-	109,519	108,324	(1,195)
Student activities	53,500	58,760	53,663	(5,097)
Athletic activities	29,839	31,435	32,139	704
Community services	14,400	1,327	325	(1,002)
Capital outlay	-	3,350,727	1,256,006	(2,094,721)
Debt principal and interest			11,116	11,116
Total general fund expenditures	10,384,464	11,175,721	8,325,123	(2,850,598)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures	573,986	487,993	582,418	94,425
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Operating transfers out	(570,000)	(485,000)	(480,579)	4,421
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources				
over expenditures and other uses	3,986	2,993	101,839	98,846
Fund balance - July 1, 2021	2,097,900	2,097,900	2,097,900	
Fund balance - June 30, 2022	\$ 2,101,886	\$ 2,100,893	\$ 2,199,739	\$ 98,846

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES – GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Local Sources	
Authorizer grant	\$ 9,660
Student activities	9,695
Other local revenues	 21,048
Total local sources	40,403
State Sources	
At risk	479,258
Great start readiness program	282,696
Special education	25,224
State aid	 5,855,935
Total state sources	6,643,113
Federal Sources	
IDEA	165,850
Title I	325,810
Title II A	83,356
Title III	28,965
Other program revenue	 1,603,603
Total federal sources	2,207,584
Interdistrict Sources	 16,441
Total general fund revenues	\$ 8,907,541

# SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES – GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Basic Programs	
Purchased services	\$ 2,834,978
Supplies and materials	167,825
Other expenditures	 45,347
Total basic programs	3,048,150
Added Needs	
Purchased services	912,745
Supplies and materials	 114,785
Total added needs	1,027,530
Pupil Support Services	
Health services	18,759
Psychological services	10,640
Speech pathology and audiology	42,937
Social work services	 98,525
Total pupil support services	170,861
Instructional Staff Support Services	
Purchased services	60,131
Supplies and materials	 45,633
Total instructional staff support services	105,764
General Administration	
Purchased services	39,565
Management fees	677,330
University oversight	173,542
Other expenditures	 1,420
Total general administration	891,857
School Administration	
Purchased services	704,821
Supplies and materials	28,930
Other expenditures	 46,166
Total school administration	779,917

# SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES – GENERAL FUND - CONTINUED FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Business Support Services	
Other expenditures	3,627
Operations and Maintenance	
Purchased services	212,839
Repairs and maintenance	221,297
Supplies and materials	172,235_
Total operations and maintenance	606,371
Pupil Transportation Services	
Purchased services	1,873
Other expenditures	227,600
Total pupil transportation services	229,473
Central Support Services	
Supplies and materials	99,519
Other expenditures	8,805
Total central support services	108,324
Student Activities	
Purchased services	23,760
Other expenditures	29,903
Total athletic activities	53,663
Athletic Activities	
Purchased services	23,544
Supplies and materials	1,545
Other expenditures	7,050
Total athletic activities	32,139

# SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES – GENERAL FUND - CONTINUED FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Community Services  Purchased services	325
Fulchased services	323
Capital Outlay	1,256,006
Debt Principal and Interest	11,116
Total general fund expenditures	\$ 8,325,123

# **APPENDIX**

Federal Awards Report



# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Directors of Hanley International Academy

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Hanley International Academy, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Hanley International Academy's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 28,2022.

# **Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Hanley International Academy's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Hanley International Academy's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Hanley International Academy's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements, on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Fax: 248.659.5305

Fax: 561.368.4641

## **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Hanley International Academy's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

### **Purpose of This Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Croskey Lanni, PC

Rochester, Michigan October 28, 2022





# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Board of Directors of Hanley International Academy

# Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Hanley International Academy's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Hanley International Academy's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022. Hanley International Academy's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, Hanley International Academy complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

### Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of Hanley International Academy and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Hanley International Academy's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

### Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to Hanley International Academy's federal programs.

Fax: 248.659.5305

Fax: 248.659.5305

Fax: 561.368.4641

## Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on Hanley International Academy's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about Hanley International Academy's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding Hanley International Academy's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of Hanley International Academy's internal control over compliance relevant to the
  audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on
  internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of
  expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Hanley International Academy's internal control over compliance.
  Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.



## **Report on Internal Control over Compliance**

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Croskey Lanni, PC

Croshay Laurei; Pc

Rochester, Michigan October 28, 2022



# SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Program Title/Project Number Subrecipient Name	Grant/ Project Number	Federal ALN	Approved Awards Amount	(Memo Only) Prior Year Expenditures	Accrued (Deferred) Revenue at July 1, 2021	Adjustments and Transfers	Federal Funds/ Payments In-kind Received	Expenditures	Accrued (Deferred) Revenue at June 30, 2022	Current Year Cash Transferred To Subrecipient
Clusters:										
Child Nutrition Cluster - U.S. Department of Agriculture -										
Passed through Michigan Department of Education:										
Noncash Assistance (Commodities) -										
National Lunch Program Commodities 2021-2022	N/A	10.555	\$ 40,350	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 10,546	\$ 10,546	\$ -	\$ -
Cash Assistance:										
National School Lunch Program 2020-2021	201960/211960	10.555	91,033	91,033	25,031	-	25,031	-	-	-
COVID-19 - Seamless Summer Option (SSO) - Lunch 2021-2022	211961/221961	10.555	414,281	-	-	-	387,850	414,281	26,431	-
COVID-19 - Emergency Operations - SNP Meals 2021	211965	10.555	72,460	-	-	-	72,460	72,460	-	-
COVID-19 - Supply Chain Assistance 2022	220910	10.555	17,004				17,004		(17,004)	
Total Cash and Noncash Assistance		10.555	635,128	91,033	25,031	-	512,891	497,287	9,427	-
National School Breakfast Program 2020-2021	210970/211970	10.553	51,286	51,286	12,982	-	12,982	-	-	-
COVID-19 - Seamless Summer Option (SSO) - Breakfast 2021-2022	211971/221971	10.553	180,144				167,283	180,144	12,861	
Total National School Breakfast Program		10.553	231,430	51,286	12,982	-	180,265	180,144	12,861	-
COVID-19 - Extended Summer Food Service Program 2021-2022	210904	10.559	14,308			_	14,308	14,308		
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			880,866	142,319	38,013	-	707,464	691,739	22,288	-
Special Education Cluster - U.S. Department of Education -										
Passed through the Wayne County RESA:										
IDEA Special Education – Formula Grants to ISDs:										
IDEA Flowthrough 2021	211450	84.027A	125,250	125,250	54,788	-	54,788	-	-	-
IDEA Flowthrough 2122	221450	84.027A	165,850					165,850	165,850	
Total Special Education Cluster			291,100	125,250	54,788	-	54,788	165,850	165,850	-

# SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS - Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Program Title/Project Number Subrecipient Name	Grant/ Project Number	Federal ALN	Approved Awards Amount	(Memo Only) Prior Year Expenditures	Accrued (Deferred) Revenue at July 1, 2021	Adjustments and Transfers	Federal Funds/ Payments In-kind Received	Expenditures	Accrued (Deferred) Revenue at June 30, 2022	Current Year  Cash  Transferred To  Subrecipient
Other Federal Awards:					-					
U.S. Department of Agriculture - Passed through										
the Michigan Department of Education:										
Pandemic EBT Local Level Costs:										
COVID19 - Pandemic EBT Local Level Costs 2021	210980	10.649	614	-	-	-	614	614	-	-
U.S. Department of Education - Passed through										
the Michigan Department of Education:										
Title I, Part A: Improving Basic Programs Operated by LEAS:										
Title I Part A 2021	211530	84.010A	395,018	349,532	349,532	-	349,532	-	-	-
Title I Part A 2122	221530	84.010A	426,624			_		325,810	325,810	
Total Title I Part A		84.010A	821,642	349,532	349,532	-	349,532	325,810	325,810	-
Title III, Part A: English Language Acquisition:										
Title III Part A 2021	210580	84.365	29,402	29,402	29,402	-	29,402	-	-	-
Title III Part A 2122	220580	84.365	28,965					28,965	28,965	
Total Title III Part A		84.365	58,367	29,402	29,402	-	29,402	28,965	28,965	-
Title II, Part A, Supporting Effective Instruction:										
Title II Part A 2122	220520	84.367	94,236	-	-	-	-	83,356	83,356	-
Title IV, Part A, Student Support and Academic Enrichment:										
Title IV Part A 2021	210750	84.424A	27,792	27,792	27,792	-	27,792	-	-	-
Title IV Part A 2122	220750	84.424A	28,042					28,042	28,042	
Total Title IV Part A		84.424A	55,834	27,792	27,792	-	27,792	28,042	28,042	-
Education Stabilization Fund:										
COVID-19 - Governor's Emergency Education Relief (GEER) 2021	201200	84.425C	82,893	41,952	41,952	-	82,893	40,941	-	-
COVID-19 -Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER I) 1920	203710	84.425D	313,921	313,921	313,921	-	313,921	-	-	-
COVID-19 - Education Equity – Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER) 1920	203720	84.425D	47,088	47,088	47,088	-	47,088	-	-	-
COVID-19 - GEER II – Section 23c(4a-b) Teacher and Support Staff Pay 2122	211202	84.425C	10,750	-	-	-	10,750	10,750	-	-
COVID-19 - Supplemental Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER II) 2021	213712	84.425D	1,233,299	-	-	-	599,009	1,154,600	555,591	-
COVID-19 - ESSER III Formula – American Rescue Plan (ARP-ESSER) 2122	213713	84.425U	2,771,784	-	-	-	-	292,715	292,715	-
COVID-19 - ESSER II Discretionary – Section 23b(2a) Summer School 2122	213722	84.425D	61,050	-	-	-	58,702	58,702	-	-
COVID-19 - ESSER II Discretionary – Section 23b(2c) Before/After/Before-and-After School 2122	213752	84.425D	25,000	-	-	-	-	9,453	9,453	-
COVID-19 - ESSER II Discretionary – Benchmark Assessments 2022	213762	84.425D	8,400					8,400	8,400	
Total Education Stabilization Fund		84.425	4,554,185	402,961	402,961		1,112,363	1,575,561	866,159	
Total Federal Awards			\$6,756,844	\$ 1,077,256	\$ 902,488	\$ -	\$2,281,955	\$2,899,937	\$ 1,520,470	\$ -

See accompanying notes to schedule of expenditures of federal awards

# RECONCILIATION OF BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FEDERAL RECEIVABLES AND REVENUE WITH SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

# **Revenues to Expenditures**

Revenue from federal sources - As reported on modified accrual financial statements (includes all funds):

General Fund Special Revenue Fund - Food Service	\$ 2,207,584 692,353
Federal expenditures per the schedule of expenditures of federal awards	\$ 2,899,937
<u>Receivables</u>	
Receivables from federal sources - As reported on financial statements	\$ 1,606,260
Supply Chain Assistance deferred revenue per schedule of expenditures of federal awards Timing difference between MDE payment and Academy receipt	 (17,004) (68,786)
Subtotal	 (85,790)
Federal receivables per the schedule of expenditures of federal awards	\$ 1,520,470

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

# **NOTE 1 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION**

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of Hanley International Academy under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2022. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of Hanley International Academy, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets, or cash flows of Hanley International Academy.

### **NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years.

#### **NOTE 3 – INDIRECT COST RATE**

Hanley International Academy has elected to not use the 10-percent *de minimis* indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

### **NOTE 4 - NONCASH ASSISTANCE**

The value of the noncash assistance received was determined in accordance with the provisions of Uniform Guidance.

#### **NOTE 5 - GRANT AUDITOR REPORT**

Management has utilized the Grant Auditor report in preparing the schedule of expenditures of federal awards. Unreconciled differences, if any, have been disclosed to the auditor.

# SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

# **SECTION I - SUMMARY OF THE AUDITOR'S RESULTS**

Financial Statements			
Type of auditor's report issued based on financial statements prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles:		<u>Unmo</u>	<u>dified</u>
Internal control over financial reporting:			
<ul> <li>Material weakness(es) identified?</li> </ul>		yes	<u>X</u> no
<ul> <li>Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be a material weakness(es)?</li> </ul>		yes	X_none reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?		yes	<u>X</u> _no
Federal Awards			
Internal control over major programs:			
<ul> <li>Material weakness(es) identified?</li> </ul>		yes	<u>X</u> no
<ul> <li>Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be a material weakness(es)?</li> </ul>		yes	_X_none reported
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major progra	ms:	Unmo	<u>dified</u>
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR section 200.516(a)?		yes	<u>X</u> _no
Identification of major programs:			
Assistance Listing Number(s) 84.425	Name of Federal P Education Stabiliza	-	<u>uster</u>
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs as described in 2 CFR section 200	0.518(b):	\$ 750	),000
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?		_X_yes	no

SECTION II – FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS None

SECTION III – FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS
None